

10/810,100

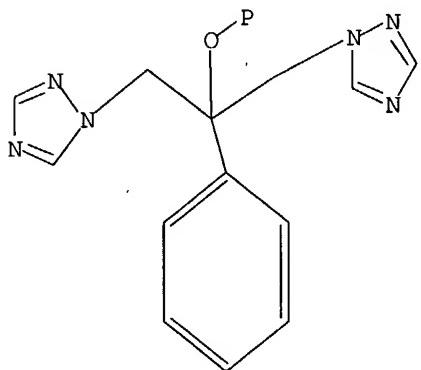
=> file caplus  
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FILE COVERS 1907 - 3 Nov 2004 VOL 141 ISS 19  
FILE LAST UPDATED: 2 Nov 2004 (20041102/ED)

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L1 STR



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L4 7 SEA FILE=CAPLUS L3

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MISSING OPERATOR L4 1-7

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L4 ANSWER 1 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:560128 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:150515  
TITLE: The effects of renal impairment on the pharmacokinetics and safety of fosfluconazole and fluconazole following a single intravenous bolus injection of fosfluconazole

10/810,100

AUTHOR(S): Sobue, Satoshi; Tan, Keith; Layton, Gary; Leclerc, Violette; Weil, Angelika  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Clinical Pharmacology, Pfizer Global R+D, Tokyo Laboratories, Pfizer Japan Inc., Tokyo, Japan  
SOURCE: British Journal of Clinical Pharmacology (2004), 57(6), 773-784  
PUBLISHER: Blackwell Publishing Ltd.  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English

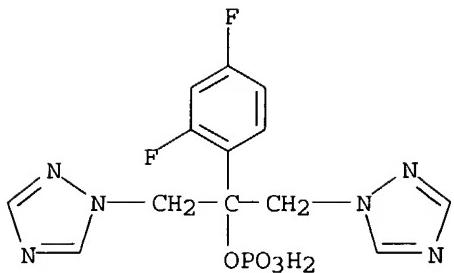
AB Fosfluconazole is a phosphate prodrug of fluconazole (FLCZ). This study was conducted to investigate the effect of renal impairment on the pharmacokinetics of fosfluconazole and FLCZ, and to assess the safety and toleration of fosfluconazole following a single i.v. bolus injection of fosfluconazole in subjects with normal and impaired renal function. In an open, parallel-group, two-center study, subjects with normal and impaired renal function received a single 1000-mg bolus i.v. injection of fosfluconazole. Subjects were categorized as Normal ( $> 80 \text{ mL min}^{-1}$ ), Mild (51-80  $\text{mL min}^{-1}$ ), Moderate (30-50  $\text{mL min}^{-1}$ ) or Severe ( $< 30 \text{ mL min}^{-1}$ ) impairment group according to their Cockcroft and Gault creatinine clearance (CLcr) values. Concns. of fosfluconazole and FLCZ were determined in plasma and urine samples taken up to 240 h and 48 h postdose, resp. Fosfluconazole plasma concns. were very similar across the four groups, and there was no apparent relationship between any of the fosfluconazole pharmacokinetic parameters with increasing renal impairment. The conversion of fosfluconazole to FLCZ was unaffected by the degree of renal impairment. Only small amts. of fosfluconazole were excreted in the urine suggesting almost complete conversion to FLCZ. FLCZ concns. were still detected in plasma after 240 h postdose and remained higher at the later sampling times in subjects in the Moderate and Severe groups. The area under the plasma concentration vs. time curve between time zero and infinity (AUC), the terminal elimination phase half-life ( $t_{1/2}$ ) and the mean residence time (MRT) of FLCZ all increased with the degree of renal impairment. The ratios (95% confidence interval) for AUC (Renal impairment group/Normal group) were 112.8% (89.5, 142.1), 240.6% (128.2, 451.4) and 355.1% (259.3, 486.3) for the Mild, Moderate and Severe impairment groups, resp. There was a linear relationship between CLcr with AUC,  $t_{1/2}$ , MRT and the total plasma clearance of FLCZ (CL/F). Both the amount excreted over 48 h in the urine and the renal clearance of FLCZ decreased with an increase in renal impairment. The adverse events reported were mild to moderate in intensity, and there was no observed relationship with impairment group. There were no severe or serious adverse events, and in general fosfluconazole was well tolerated.

IT 194798-83-9, Fosfluconazole

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (effect of renal impairment on the pharmacokinetics and safety of fosfluconazole and fluconazole)

RN 194798-83-9 CAPLUS

CN 1H-1,2,4-Triazole-1-ethanol,  $\alpha$ -(2,4-difluorophenyl)- $\alpha$ -(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-ylmethyl)-, dihydrogen phosphate (ester) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 36 THERE ARE 36 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 2 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:543525 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:218070

TITLE: Nonclinical studies and clinical studies on fosfluconazole, a triazole antifungal agent

AUTHOR(S): Kawakami, Yutaka; Nagino, Kenji; Shinkai, Keisuke; Sobue, Satoshi; Abe, Masaaki; Ishiko, Junichi

CORPORATE SOURCE: Pfizer Global R & D, Tokyo Lab., Pfizer Japan Inc., Tokyo, 151-8589, Japan

SOURCE: Nippon Yakurigaku Zasshi (2004), 124(1), 41-51  
CODEN: NYKZAU; ISSN: 0015-5691

PUBLISHER: Nippon Yakuri Gakkai

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; General Review

LANGUAGE: Japanese

AB A review. Fosfluconazole is a phosphate prodrug of fluconazole that has been developed to reduce the volume of fluid required to administer fluconazole by the i.v. route. Fosfluconazole is hydrolyzed by alkaline phosphatase to fluconazole and phosphoric acid. Fosfluconazole had no significant antifungal activity in vitro. However, in rat models of acute systemic candidiasis and intracranial cryptococcosis, fosfluconazole retained the antifungal potency and efficacy of fluconazole. This reflects the effective conversion of the prodrug to the parent during the course of the expts. The 2-day-loading dose regimen led to earlier achievement of target fluconazole steady state plasma concns. compared to use of the 1-day- or no-loading dose regimen of fosfluconazole. The efficacy and safety of fosfluconazole were investigated with the 2-day-loading dose regimen in patients with deep-seated mycosis caused by Candida and Cryptococcus species. The efficacy rates were 73.8% in the domestic Phase III study and 91.7% in the foreign Phase III study. Adverse events were observed in 31 cases (19.4%) out of 160 in both studies. These results indicate that fosfluconazole is effective for the treatment of deep-seated mycosis and shows no clin. significant adverse events in the Phase III studies.

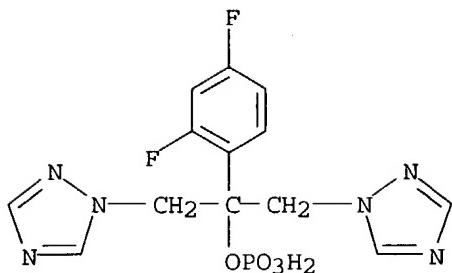
IT 194798-83-9, Fosfluconazole

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(Prodif; effect of fosfluconazole, triazole antifungal agent)

RN 194798-83-9 CAPLUS

CN 1H-1,2,4-Triazole-1-ethanol, α-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-α-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-ylmethyl)-, dihydrogen phosphate (ester) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L4 ANSWER 3 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:260569 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:81400

TITLE: Fosfluconazole

AUTHOR(S): Aikawa, Naoki

CORPORATE SOURCE: Hosp., Keio Univ., Japan

SOURCE: Rinsho to Yakubutsu Chiryo (2004), 23(3), 271-273

CODEN: RYCHEI; ISSN: 0913-7505

PUBLISHER: Eruzebia, Japan K.K.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; General Review

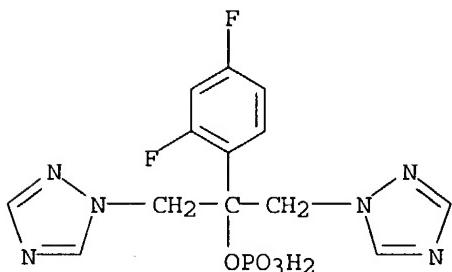
LANGUAGE: Japanese

AB A review, with 6 refs., on the clin. efficacy and safety of title phosphated prodrug of fluconazole (A), in mycosis by comparing its efficacy with that of A.

IT 194798-83-9, Fosfluconazole

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (clin. efficacy and safety of fosfluconazole, a phosphated prodrug of fluconazole in mycosis)

RN 194798-83-9 CAPLUS

CN 1H-1,2,4-Triazole-1-ethanol,  $\alpha$ -(2,4-difluorophenyl)- $\alpha$ -(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-ylmethyl)-, dihydrogen phosphate (ester) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 4 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:255646 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:270938

TITLE: Pharmacokinetics and safety of fosfluconazole after single intravenous bolus injection in healthy male Japanese volunteers

AUTHOR(S): Sobue, Satoshi; Sekiguchi, Kaneo; Shimatani, Katsuyoshi; Tan, Keith

CORPORATE SOURCE: Pfizer Global R+D, Tokyo Laboratories, Pfizer Japan, Inc., Tokyo, Japan

10/810,100

SOURCE: Journal of Clinical Pharmacology (2004), 44(3),  
284-292  
CODEN: JCPCBR; ISSN: 0091-2700

PUBLISHER: Sage Publications  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English

AB This was a single blind, placebo-controlled, escalating single-dose, three-period crossover study using two subject cohorts to investigate the safety, tolerability, and pharmacokinetics in healthy male Japanese subjects after i.v. bolus injection of fosfluconazole 50 to 2000 mg, a phosphate prodrug of fluconazole (FLCZ). Fosfluconazole was rapidly converted to FLCZ with only minor amounts excreted in the urine (less than 4% of the dose). Fosfluconazole had a volume of distribution at the higher doses, which was similar to the extracellular volume in man (0.2 L/kg) and was eliminated with a terminal half-life of 1.5 to 2.5 h. There was apparent dose proportionality in FLCZ pharmacokinetics. Cmax and AUC of FLCZ appeared to increase proportionally with increasing doses of fosfluconazole. There were no apparent dose-dependent trends in tmax, t1/2, or mean residence time (MRT) of FLCZ. Bolus injection of fosfluconazole was well tolerated at doses of up to 2000 mg in healthy Japanese subjects.

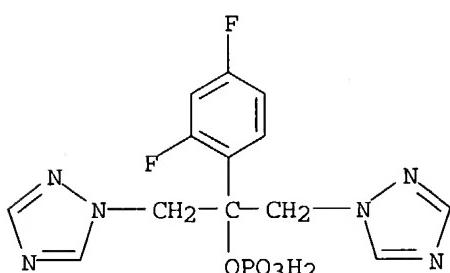
IT 194798-83-9, Fosfluconazole

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(single IV bolus injection of phosphate prodrug of FLCZ, fosfluconazole was safe and well tolerated and there was apparent dose proportionality in FLCZ pharmacokinetics in healthy male Japanese volunteer)

RN 194798-83-9 CAPLUS

CN 1H-1,2,4-Triazole-1-ethanol,  $\alpha$ -(2,4-difluorophenyl)- $\alpha$ -(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-ylmethyl)-, dihydrogen phosphate (ester) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 12 THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 5 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:39480 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:99592

TITLE: Process for controlling the hydrate mix of a compound

INVENTOR(S): Auffret, Anthony David; Fitzgerald, Michael Paul

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Pfizer Inc., USA

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 8 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2004007689	A1	20040115	US 2003-601355	20030623
WO 2004007507	A1	20040122	WO 2003-IB3119	20030707
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO. : GB 2002-16515 A 20020706  
                           US 2002-399491P P 20020729

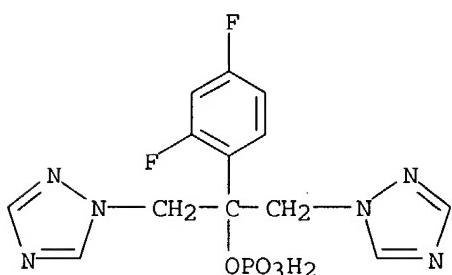
AB This invention relates to a process for controlling the hydrate mix of a compound, or a composition comprising the compound, the compound being capable of forming a plurality of hydration forms of differing stability and also of dissoln. to give a solution that, when frozen below the eutectic point, is a eutectic mixture. This invention further relates to disodium salt of fosfluconazole in the form of its trihydrate, its hexahydrate, or as a mixture of tri- and hexahydrates.

IT 194798-83-9, Fosfluconazole

RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); PYP (Physical process); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)  
                           (stable hydrate forms of fosfluconazole)

RN 194798-83-9 CAPLUS

CN 1H-1,2,4-Triazole-1-ethanol,  $\alpha$ -(2,4-difluorophenyl)- $\alpha$ -(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-ylmethyl)-, dihydrogen phosphate (ester) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

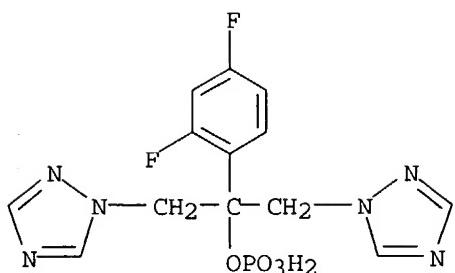


IT 643013-68-7P 643013-69-8P

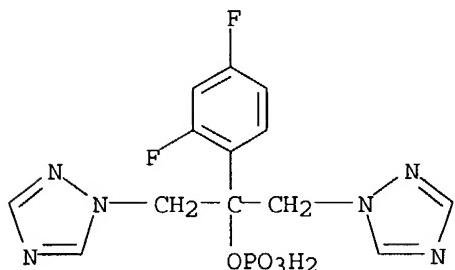
RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
                           (stable hydrate forms of fosfluconazole)

RN 643013-68-7 CAPLUS

CN 1H-1,2,4-Triazole-1-ethanol,  $\alpha$ -(2,4-difluorophenyl)- $\alpha$ -(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-ylmethyl)-, dihydrogen phosphate (ester), hexahydrate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

● 6 H<sub>2</sub>O

RN 643013-69-8 CAPLUS

CN 1H-1,2,4-Triazole-1-ethanol, α-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-α-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-ylmethyl)-, dihydrogen phosphate (ester), trihydrate (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)● 3 H<sub>2</sub>O

L4 ANSWER 6 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:909509 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:185745

TITLE: The Discovery and Process Development of a Commercial Route to a Water Soluble Prodrug, Fosfluconazole

Bentley, Arthur; Butters, Michael; Green, Stuart P.; Learmonth, William J.; MacRae, Julie A.; Morland, Matthew C.; O'Connor, Garry; Skuse, Joanne

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemical Research and Development, Pfizer Global Research and Development Laboratories, Kent, CT13 9NJ, UK

SOURCE: Organic Process Research &amp; Development (2002), 6(2), 109-112

CODEN: OPRDFK; ISSN: 1083-6160

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB A case history detailing the rationale behind the discovery of 2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-1,3-bis(1H-1,2,4-triazole-1-yl)-2-Pr dihydrogen phosphate, fosfluconazole (2), a water-soluble prodrug of Diflucan, and the subsequent development of a com. route is presented. Particular items to note are (i) that this compound was discovered in the Chemical Research and

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Development Department, hence Chemical Research and Development can play a key role in prodrug discovery, (ii) the strategy behind the selection of phosphate ester moiety, by phosphorylation of a sterically hindered tertiary alc., (iii) the development of the initial route to remove thermally hazardous reagents and to improve processing to allow scale-up, and (iv) the identification and development of the proposed com. process.

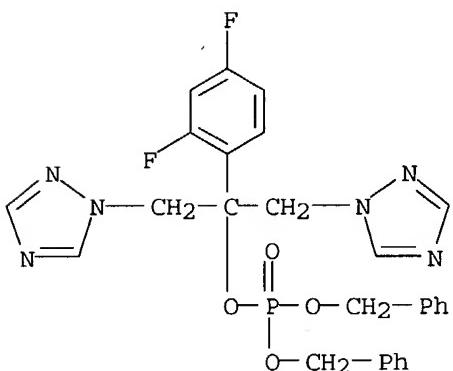
IT 194602-25-0P, Dibenzyl 2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-1,3-bis(1H-1,2,4-triazole-1-yl)-2-propyl phosphate

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(intermediate; in manufacture process of water soluble prodrug fosfluconazole)

RN 194602-25-0 CAPLUS

CN Phosphoric acid, 1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)-1-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-ylmethyl)ethyl bis(phenylmethyl) ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



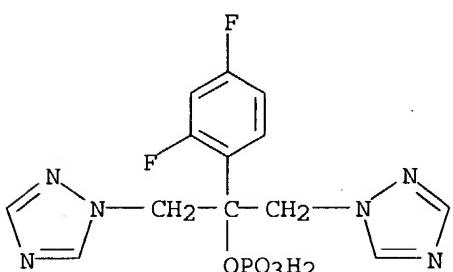
IT 194798-83-9P, Fosfluconazole

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(manufacture process of water soluble prodrug fosfluconazole)

RN 194798-83-9 CAPLUS

CN 1H-1,2,4-Triazole-1-ethanol,  $\alpha$ -(2,4-difluorophenyl)- $\alpha$ -(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-ylmethyl)-, dihydrogen phosphate (ester) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT:

8

THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 7 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:533656 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 127:220800

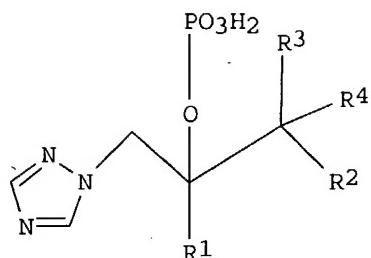
TITLE: Triazole derivatives useful in therapy

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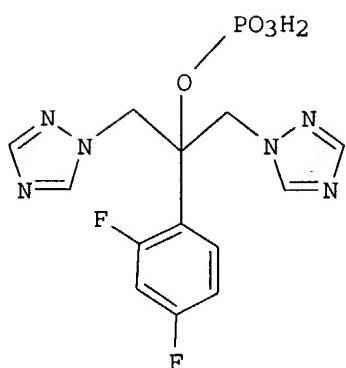
INVENTOR(S) : Murtiashaw, Charles W.; Stephenson, Peter T.  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S) : Pfizer Research and Development Co., UK; Pfizer Inc.;  
Murtiashaw, Martha, H.; Green, Stuart; Stephenson,  
Peter T.  
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 33 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9728169	A1	19970807	WO 1997-EP445	19970127
W: AU, BG, BR, BY, CA, CN, CZ, HU, IL, IS, JP, KR, KZ, LK, LV, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU, SG, SI, SK, TR, UA, US, UZ, VN				
RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
TW 434247	B	20010516	TW 1996-85116150	19961227
CA 2240777	AA	19970807	CA 1997-2240777	19970127
CA 2240777	C	20020611		
AU 9715985	A1	19970822	AU 1997-15985	19970127
AU 709781	B2	19990909		
EP 880533	A1	19981202	EP 1997-902288	19970127
EP 880533	B1	20020612		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT, IE, SI, LV, FI, RO				
JP 10512599	T2	19981202	JP 1997-527312	19970127
JP 2959846	B2	19991006		
CN 1210540	A	19990310	CN 1997-192005	19970127
CN 1085213	B	20020522		
BR 9707257	A	19990406	BR 1997-7257	19970127
RU 2176244	C2	20011127	RU 1998-116435	19970127
IL 124865	A1	20020310	IL 1997-124865	19970127
AT 219089	E	20020615	AT 1997-902288	19970127
PT 880533	T	20020930	PT 1997-902288	19970127
ES 2175336	T3	20021116	ES 1997-902288	19970127
SK 283136	B6	20030304	SK 1998-1022	19970127
CZ 291431	B6	20030312	CZ 1998-2420	19970127
PL 187237	B1	20040630	PL 1997-328436	19970127
ZA 9700826	A	19980731	ZA 1997-826	19970131
HR 970063	B1	20011231	HR 1997-970063	19970131
IL 133135	A1	20030706	IL 1998-133135	19980611
BG 63946	B1	20030731	BG 1998-102603	19980706
NO 9803560	A	19980803	NO 1998-3560	19980803
HK 1018217	A1	20021101	HK 1999-103264	19990729
US 2003144250	A1	20030731	US 2003-339087	20030109
US 6790957	B2	20040914		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO. :			GB 1996-2080	A 19960202
			IL 1997-124865	A3 19970127
			WO 1997-EP445	W 19970127
			US 1999-117175	B1 19990108

OTHER SOURCE(S) : MARPAT 127:220800  
GI



I



II

**AB** The preparation of title compds. I (R1 = halo substituted Ph; R2 = 5- or 6-membered nitrogen-containing heterocyclic ring which is optionally substituted by one or more groups selected from halo-, double bond O, substituted Ph; R3 = H, Me; R4 = H; R3R4 = CH<sub>2</sub>, etc.) or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, useful as fungicide, is described. Thus, phosphorylation of fluconazole with dibenzyl diisopropyl phosphoramidite in the presence of 1H-tetrazole in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> followed by oxidation with 3-chloroperoxybenzoic acid and catalytic debenzylation gave title compound II. The solubility of disodium salt of II was > 150 in comparison to parent compound. Aqueous formulation of II for i.v. injection is described. The compds. of the invention are useful in the treatment of fungal infections, and have good aqueous solubility.

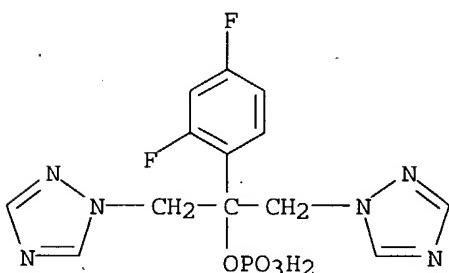
**IT** 194798-85-1P 194798-89-5P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation and fungicidal activity of)

RN 194798-85-1 CAPLUS

CN 1H-1,2,4-Triazole-1-ethanol,  $\alpha$ -(2,4-difluorophenyl)- $\alpha$ -(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-ylmethyl)-, dihydrogen phosphate (ester), disodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



●2 Na

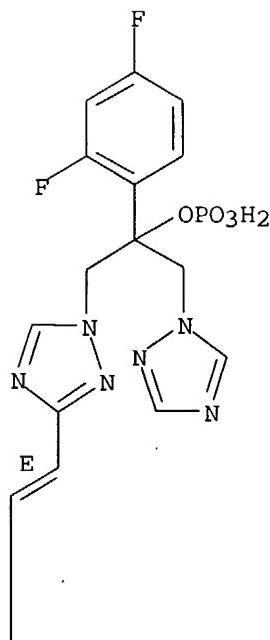
RN 194798-89-5 CAPLUS

CN 1H-1,2,4-Triazole-1-ethanol,  $\alpha$ -(2,4-difluorophenyl)-3-[2-[4-(2,2,3,3-tetrafluoropropoxy)phenyl]ethenyl]- $\alpha$ -(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-ylmethyl)-, dihydrogen phosphate (ester), (E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

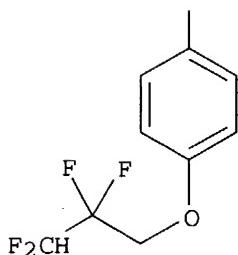
10/810,100

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A



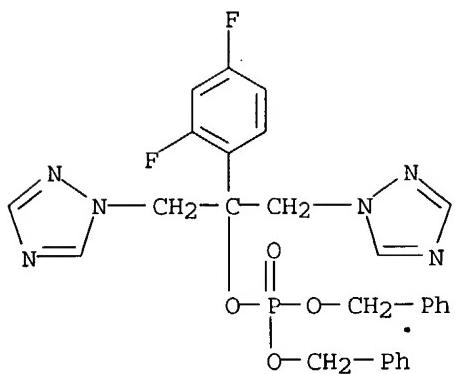
IT 194602-25-0P 194798-95-3P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of phosphorylated triazole derivs. for treatment of fungal infections)

RN 194602-25-0 CAPLUS

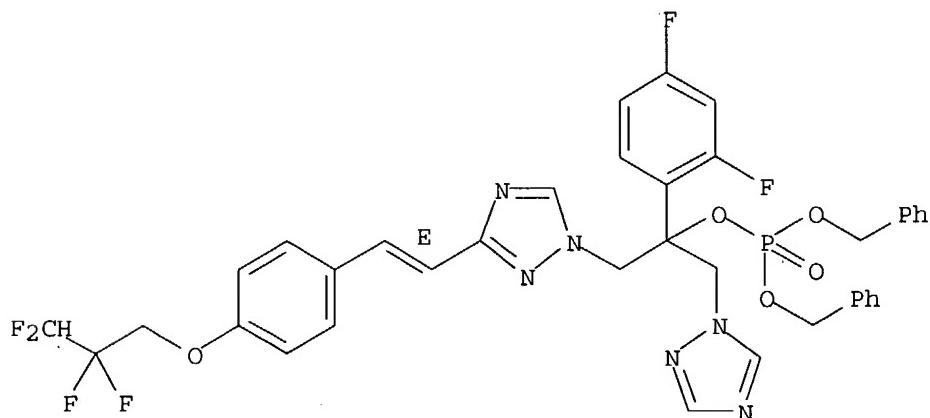
CN Phosphoric acid, 1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)-1-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-ylmethyl)ethyl bis(phenylmethyl) ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 194798-95-3 CAPLUS

CN Phosphoric acid, 1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-1-[[3-[2-[4-(2,2,3,3-tetrafluoropropoxy)phenyl]ethenyl]-1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl]methyl]-2-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)ethyl bis(phenylmethyl) ester, (E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



IT 194798-83-9P

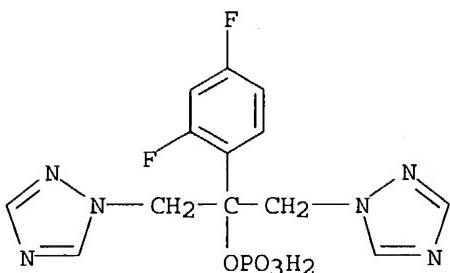
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)

(preparation, salt formation, and fungicidal activity of)

RN 194798-83-9 CAPLUS

CN 1H-1,2,4-Triazole-1-ethanol,  $\alpha$ -(2,4-difluorophenyl)- $\alpha$ -(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-ylmethyl)-, dihydrogen phosphate (ester) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

10/810,100



=> => file uspatall

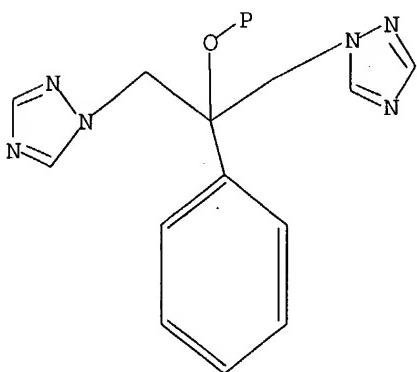
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CA INDEXING COPYRIGHT (C) 2004 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

FILE 'USPAT2' ENTERED AT 16:12:44 ON 03 NOV 2004

CA INDEXING COPYRIGHT (C) 2004 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

=> d que

L1 STR



Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

L3 7 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L1

L5 3 SEA L3

=> d 15 1-3 ibib abs hitstr

L5 ANSWER 1 OF 3 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:11183 USPATFULL

TITLE: Process for controlling the hydrate mix of a compound

INVENTOR(S): Auffret, Anthony David, Sandwich, UNITED KINGDOM

Fitzgerald, Michael Paul, Sandwich, UNITED KINGDOM

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Pfizer Inc. (non-U.S. corporation)

NUMBER	KIND	DATE
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PATENT INFORMATION: US 2004007689 A1 20040115

APPLICATION INFO.: US 2003-601355 A1 20030623 (10)

NUMBER	DATE
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10/810,100

PRIORITY INFORMATION: GB 2002-16515 20020706  
US 2002-399491P 20020729 (60)  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility  
FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION  
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: AGOURON PHARMACEUTICALS, INC., 10350 NORTH TORREY PINES  
ROAD, LA JOLLA, CA, 92037  
NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 20  
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1  
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 1 Drawing Page(s)  
LINE COUNT: 575

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB This invention relates to a process for controlling the hydrate mix of a compound, or a composition comprising the compound, the compound being capable of forming a plurality of hydration forms of differing stability and also of dissolution to give a solution that, when frozen below the eutectic point, is a eutectic mixture. This invention further relates to disodium salt of fosfluconazole in the form of its trihydrate, its hexahydrate, or as a mixture of tri- and hexahydrates.

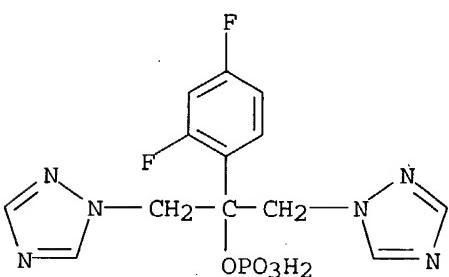
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

IT 194798-83-9, Fosfluconazole

(stable hydrate forms of fosfluconazole)

RN 194798-83-9 USPATFULL

CN 1H-1,2,4-Triazole-1-ethanol,  $\alpha$ -(2,4-difluorophenyl)- $\alpha$ -(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-ylmethyl)-, dihydrogen phosphate (ester) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



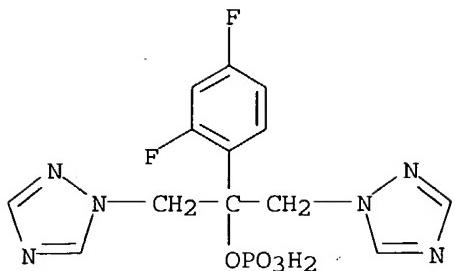
IT 643013-68-7P 643013-69-8P

(stable hydrate forms of fosfluconazole)

RN 643013-68-7 USPATFULL

CN 1H-1,2,4-Triazole-1-ethanol,  $\alpha$ -(2,4-difluorophenyl)- $\alpha$ -(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-ylmethyl)-, dihydrogen phosphate (ester), hexahydrate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

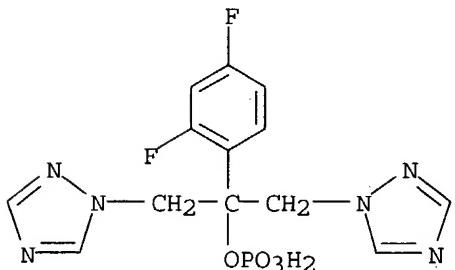
10/810,100



● 6 H<sub>2</sub>O

RN 643013-69-8 USPATFULL

CN 1H-1,2,4-Triazole-1-ethanol,  $\alpha$ -(2,4-difluorophenyl)- $\alpha$ -(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-ylmethyl)-, dihydrogen phosphate (ester), trihydrate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● 3 H<sub>2</sub>O

L5 ANSWER 2 OF 3 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:207889 USPATFULL

TITLE: Triazole derivatives useful in therapy

INVENTOR(S): Green, Stuart, Sandwich, UNITED KINGDOM

Stephenson, Peter T., Sandwich, UNITED KINGDOM

Murtiashaw, Charles W., North Stonington, CT, UNITED STATES

Murtiashaw, Martha, North Stonington, CT, UNITED STATES  
LR

NUMBER	KIND	DATE
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PATENT INFORMATION: US 2003144250 A1 20030731

US 6790957 B2 20040914

APPLICATION INFO.: US 2003-339087 A1 20030109 (10)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation of Ser. No. US 1999-117175, filed on 8 Jan 1999, ABANDONED A 371 of International Ser. No. WO 1997-EP445, filed on 27 Jan 1997, UNKNOWN

NUMBER	DATE
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PRIORITY INFORMATION: GB 1996-2080 19960202

10/810,100

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility  
FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION  
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: AGOURON PHARMACEUTICALS, INC., 10350 NORTH TORREY PINES  
ROAD, LA JOLLA, CA, 92037  
NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 15  
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1  
LINE COUNT: 823

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention provides compounds of formula 1,

R.sup.1--OP(O)(OH).sub.2 I

wherein R.sup.1 represents the non-hydroxy portion of a triazole antifungal compound of the type comprising a tertiary hydroxy group; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

The compounds of the invention are useful in the treatment of fungal infections, and have good aqueous solubility.

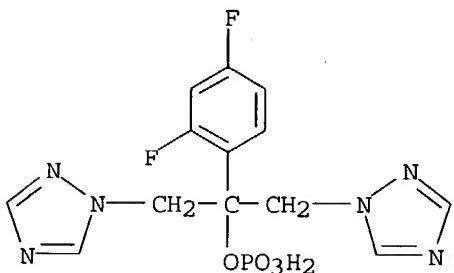
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

IT 194798-85-1P 194798-89-5P

(preparation and fungicidal activity of)

RN 194798-85-1 USPATFULL

CN 1H-1,2,4-Triazole-1-ethanol,  $\alpha$ -(2,4-difluorophenyl)- $\alpha$ -(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-ylmethyl)-, dihydrogen phosphate (ester), disodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



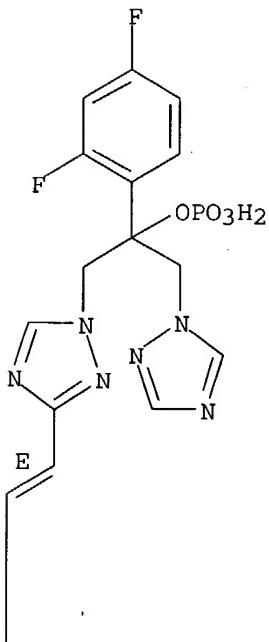
●2 Na

RN 194798-89-5 USPATFULL

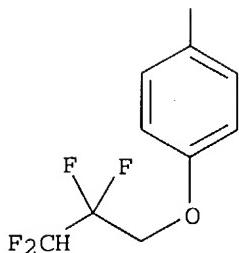
CN 1H-1,2,4-Triazole-1-ethanol,  $\alpha$ -(2,4-difluorophenyl)-3-[2-[4-(2,2,3,3-tetrafluoropropoxy)phenyl]ethenyl]- $\alpha$ -(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-ylmethyl)-, dihydrogen phosphate (ester), (E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A

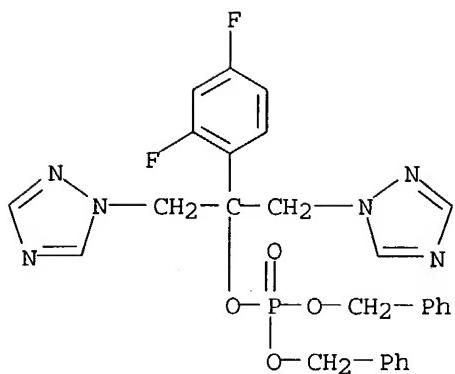


IT 194602-25-0P 194798-95-3P

(preparation of phosphorylated triazole derivs. for treatment of fungal infections)

RN 194602-25-0 USPATFULL

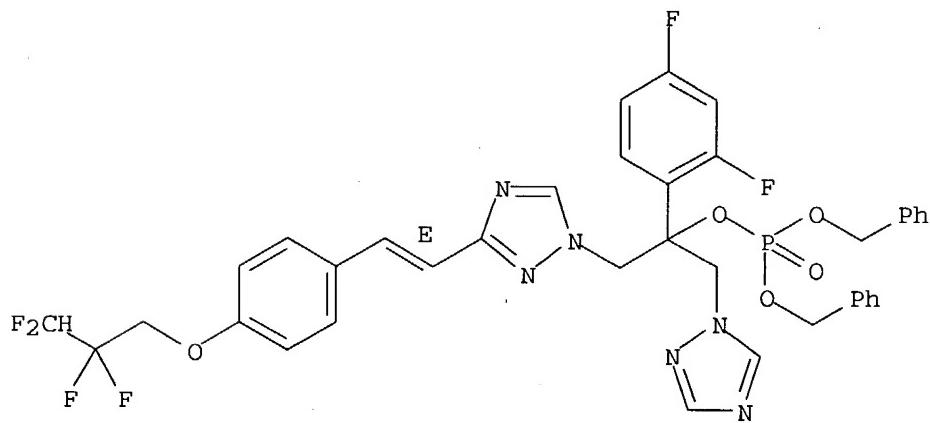
CN Phosphoric acid, 1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)-1-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-ylmethyl)ethyl bis(phenylmethyl) ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 194798-95-3 USPATFULL

CN Phosphoric acid, 1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-1-[{3-[2-[4-(2,2,3,3-tetrafluoropropoxy)phenyl]ethenyl]-1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl}methyl]-2-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)ethyl bis(phenylmethyl) ester, (E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

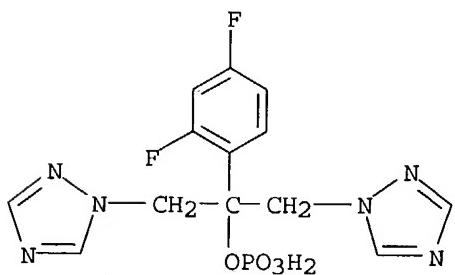


IT 194798-83-9P

(preparation, salt formation, and fungicidal activity of)

RN 194798-83-9 USPATFULL

CN 1H-1,2,4-Triazole-1-ethanol,  $\alpha$ -(2,4-difluorophenyl)- $\alpha$ -(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-ylmethyl)-, dihydrogen phosphate (ester) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



10/810,100

L5 ANSWER 3 OF 3 USPAT2 on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:207889 USPAT2  
TITLE: Triazole derivatives useful in therapy  
INVENTOR(S): Green, Stuart, Sandwich, UNITED KINGDOM  
Stephenson, Peter T., Sandwich, UNITED KINGDOM  
Murtiashaw, Charles W., late of North Stonington, CT,  
United States deceased  
Martha Murtiashaw, United States administratrix  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Pfizer, Inc., New York, NY, United States (U.S.  
corporation)

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 6790957	B2	20040914
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 2003-339087		20030109 (10)
RELATED APPLN. INFO.:	Continuation of Ser. No. US 117175, now abandoned		

	NUMBER	DATE
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	GB 1996-2080	19960202
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility	
FILE SEGMENT:	GRANTED	
PRIMARY EXAMINER:	Morris, Patricia L.	
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	Richardson, Peter C., Zielinski, Bryan C., Djuardi, Elsa	
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	3	
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	1	
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:	0 Drawing Figure(s); 0 Drawing Page(s)	
LINE COUNT:	766	

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.  
AB The invention provides compounds of formula I,

R.sup.1--OP(O)(OH).sub.2 I

wherein R.sup.1 represents the non-hydroxy portion of a triazole antifungal compound of the type comprising a tertiary hydroxy group; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

The compounds of the invention are useful in the treatment of fungal infections, and have good aqueous solubility.

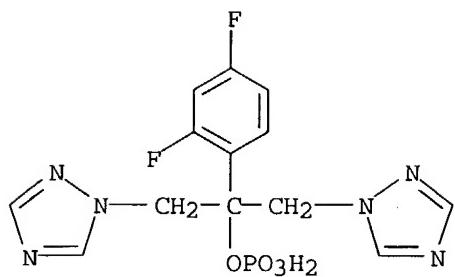
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

IT 194798-85-1P 194798-89-5P

(preparation and fungicidal activity of)

RN 194798-85-1 USPAT2

CN 1H-1,2,4-Triazole-1-ethanol,  $\alpha$ -(2,4-difluorophenyl)- $\alpha$ -(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-ylmethyl)-, dihydrogen phosphate (ester), disodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



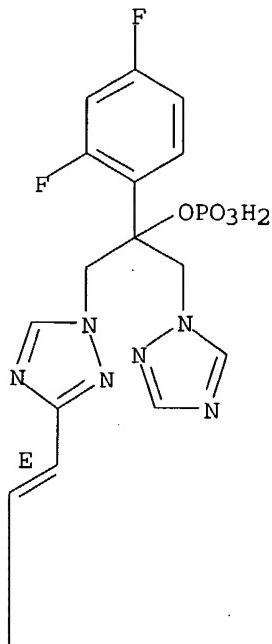
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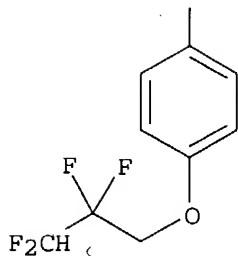
RN 194798-89-5 USPAT2

CN 1H-1,2,4-Triazole-1-ethanol,  $\alpha$ -(2,4-difluorophenyl)-3-[2-[4-(2,2,3,3-tetrafluoropropoxy)phenyl]ethenyl]- $\alpha$ -(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-ylmethyl)-, dihydrogen phosphate (ester), (E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



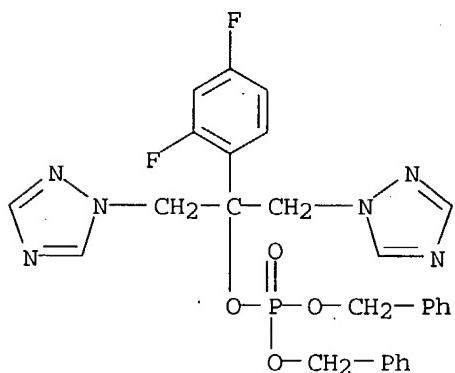


IT 194602-25-0P 194798-95-3P

(preparation of phosphorylated triazole derivs. for treatment of fungal infections)

RN 194602-25-0 USPAT2

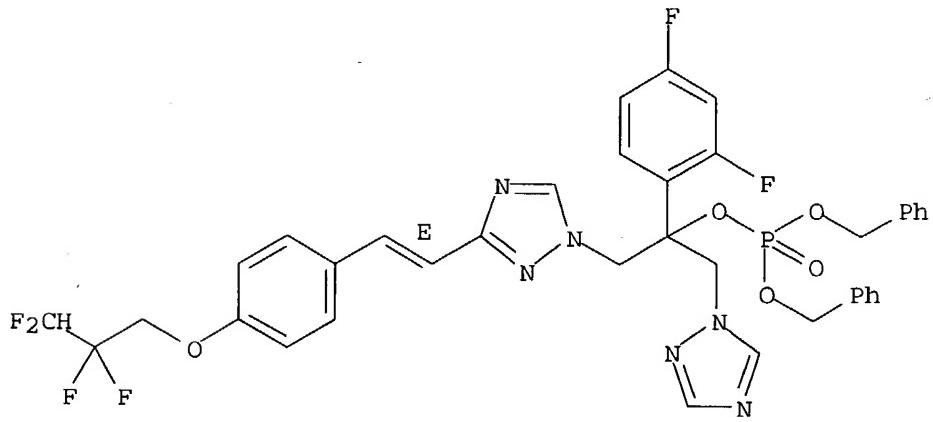
CN Phosphoric acid, 1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)-1-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-ylmethyl)ethyl bis(phenylmethyl) ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 194798-95-3 USPAT2

CN Phosphoric acid, 1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-1-[3-[2-[4-(2,2,3,3-tetrafluoropropoxy)phenyl]ethenyl]-1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-ylmethyl]-2-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)ethyl bis(phenylmethyl) ester, (E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



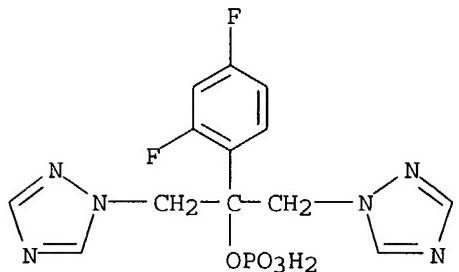
10/810,100

IT 194798-83-9P

(preparation, salt formation, and fungicidal activity of)

RN 194798-83-9 USPAT2

CN 1H-1,2,4-Triazole-1-ethanol,  $\alpha$ -(2,4-difluorophenyl)- $\alpha$ -(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-ylmethyl)-, dihydrogen phosphate (ester) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



=>